

(CLASS SET)

Chapter 15 Section 1: Slavery in Georgia (pages 356-362)

Directions: In your Interactive Notebook on the next available page (page after your Nullification Pop-Up activity), copy the question and write your answer.

1. What is the set of laws under which all slaves in Georgia lived?

Work

2. An individual slave spent most of their day doing what?
3. Rice plantations used the _____, where each day a specific amount of _____, usually in a portion of the rice field, was assigned to each _____.
4. On cotton plantations, slaves worked on the _____, where _____ was based on _____.
5. What were drivers?
6. What did slaves who didn't work in the fields do?

Family and Religion

7. What were slave marriages usually like? Were they legal marriages?
8. What part did religion play in the life of a slave?

Slave Laws and Resistance to Slavery

9. It was illegal to teach slaves to _____ and _____.
10. How could a slave legally gain his or her freedom?
11. The American Colonization Society sent freed slaves to where?
12. What was the most common open resistance by slaves?
13. What did a slave named Coco conspire to do in 1819? Was he successful?

Chapter 15 Section 2: Georgia, the Nation and Sectionalism, 1820-1845 (pages 364-371)

Directions: In your Interactive Notebook, copy the question and write your answer.

1. _____ was a major crop in upper South states, _____ was a major crop in lower Southern states, and _____ such as _____ was the major crop in the Midwestern states.
2. What was the major difference in these two agricultural areas (the southern and northern/Midwestern farmers)?
3. What did the Northwest Ordinance of 1787 do?
4. Define *sectionalism*.

Turn over



The Missouri and Tariff Crises

5. What is a protective tariff?

The Missouri Compromise

6. Define *slave state*.
7. Define *free state*.
8. What was the Missouri Compromise?

The Nullification Crisis

9. Why did the southerners increasingly see the protective tariff as a tax that helped northerners?
10. Define *nullification*.
11. Define *states' rights*.
12. What did John Calhoun, our country's Vice President, say that states had the right to do if they did not agree with an amendment that was being made to our U.S. Constitution?
13. What did John Calhoun do when another tariff law was passed in 1832?
14. How did South Carolina respond?
15. Georgia did not respond as strongly as South Carolina. Most Georgians opposed _____ and supported Pres. Jackson's _____ stand.
16. What two political parties formed in Georgia? What were the beliefs of each party?

If you finish answering all of the questions, create a detailed political cartoon from the position of a Northerner or Southerner regarding one of the topics from Chapter 15 Section 2