

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 1: Geog. of GA/GA's Beginnings

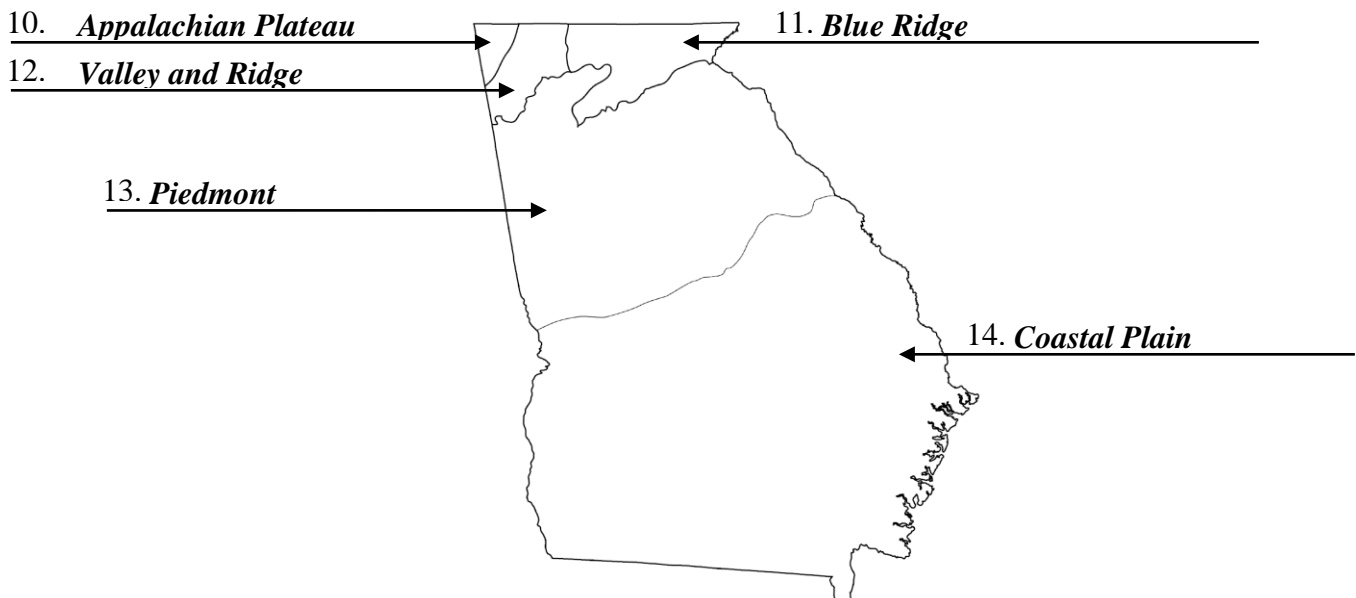
### I. Where in the World is Georgia?

1. Southeast/South Region of the United States.
2. United States of America Nation that Georgia is a part of
3. North America Continent that the state of Georgia is located in
4. Northern  
Western Two Hemispheres that Georgia is located in

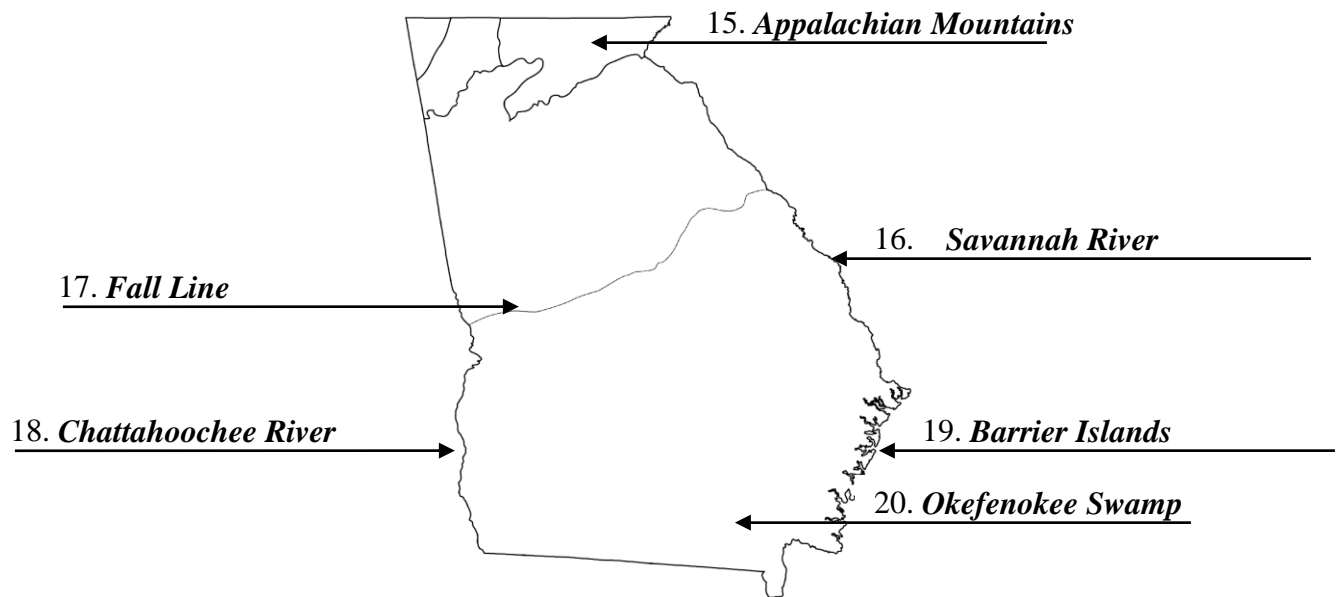
### II. Georgia's Regions and Features

5. Piedmont Region with the largest population (contains metro Atlanta)
6. Appalachian Plateau Smallest Geographic region (land area)
7. Coastal Plain Largest Geographic region (land area)
8. Blue Ridge Region that receives the most rainfall (80 inches per year)
9. Valley and Ridge Textile and carpet industries in GA are based in this region.

Label the 5 Regions of Georgia:



Label the 6 major Physical Features in Georgia:



### III. More Regions and Features...

21. Okefenokee Swamp Largest freshwater wetland (swamp) in Georgia; contains more than 400 species of animals
22. Savannah River River that is the natural boundary between GA and S. Carolina
23. Drinking Water List 3 primary functions of the Savannah/Chattahoochee rivers  
Hydroelectric Power  
Travel/Transportation
24. Barrier Islands St. Simons and Tybee are examples of which physical feature
25. Brasstown Bald Tallest peak in Georgia (part of the Appalachian Mtns.)

### IV. Prehistoric Peoples

26. Culture Beliefs, traditions, types of art, and lifestyle of a group
27. Home/House/Shelter Another name/word for a dwelling
28. Atlatl Device used by Paleo and Archaic Indians to throw spears farther distances
29. Mississippian Most advanced (recent) prehistoric group of Native Americans
30. Woodland Built mounds between 1000 BC and AD 1000 to use for burials and in religious ceremonies